

**LAMPA SPA**

Revision nr. 5

Dated 20/01/2025

PENNA MASCHERA GRAFFI

Printed on 20/01/2025

Page n. 1/25

Replaced revision:4 (Printed on: 08/09/2017)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: LAMPA - 74099
Product name: PENNA MASCHERA GRAFFI
UFI: RR2W-KH6M-7V6X-FR7X

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Product for surface coating

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Consume	-	-	✓
Professional	-	✓	-

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: LAMPA SPA
Full address: Via G. Rossa, 53,55 (z.i. Gerbolina)
District and Country: 46019 Viadana (MN)
Italia
Tel. +39 0375 820700
Fax +39 0375 820800

e-mail address of the competent person
responsible for the information sheet

info@lampa.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

CAVp "
Osp. Pediatrico Bambino Gesù"
- Roma Tel. +39 06 68593726
Az. Osp. Univ. Foggia Tel. +39 0881 732326
Az. Osp. "A. Cardarelli" - Napoli Tel. +39 081 7472870
CAV Policlinico "Umberto I" - Roma Tel. +39 06 49978000
CAV Policlinico "A. Gemelli" - Roma Tel. +39 06 3054343
Az. Osp. "Careggi" U.O. Tossicologia Medica - Firenze Tel. +39 055 7947819
CAV Centro Nazionale di Informazione Tossicologica - Pavia Tel. +39 0382 24444
Osp. Niguarda Ca' Granda - Milano Tel. +39 02 66101029
Azienda Ospedaliera Papa Giovanni XXII -
Bergamo Tel. +39 800 883300
Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria Integrata Verona Tel. +39 800 011858

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.



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Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 2

H225

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Eye irritation, category 2

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

H336

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H225

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

H336

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P210

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P370+P378

In case of fire: use a fire extinguisher to extinguish.

P102

Keep out of reach of children.

P101

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P261

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P233

Keep container tightly closed.

P312

If you feel unwell, contact a POISON CENTER / doctor.

Contains:

N-BUTYL ACETATE
ISOBUTYL ACETATE

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ETHYL METHYL KETONE

PROPAN-2-OL

The exemption <125 ml has been applied on the product label

2.3. Other hazardsOn the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\geq$ 0.1%.**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients****3.1. Substances**

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
ISOBUTYL ACETATE		
INDEX 607-026-00-7	$40 \leq x < 50$	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC 203-745-1		
CAS 110-19-0		
REACH Reg. 01-2119488971-22-XXXX		
N-BUTYL ACETATE		
INDEX 607-025-00-1	$20 \leq x < 22$	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC 204-658-1		
CAS 123-86-4		
ETHYL METHYL KETONE		
INDEX 606-002-00-3	$18 \leq x < 20$	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC 201-159-0		
CAS 78-93-3		
PROPAN-2-OL		
INDEX 603-117-00-0	$6 \leq x < 7$	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336
EC 200-661-7		
CAS 67-63-0		
REACH Reg. 01-2119457558-25-XXXX		
XYLENE		
INDEX 601-022-00-9	$0,2 \leq x < 0,25$	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C ATE Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l
EC 215-535-7		
CAS 1330-20-7		

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ETHYLBENZENE

INDEX 601-023-00-4

0 < x < 0,05

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373,
Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
LC50 Inhalation vapours: 17,2 mg/l/4h

EC 202-849-4

CAS 100-41-4

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If you feel unwell, contact a POISON CENTER / doctor.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media**

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT



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Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.



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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

AUS	Österreich	Gesamte Rechtsvorschrift für Grenzwerteverordnung 2021 , Fassung vom 14.05.2023
BEL	Belgique	Liste de valeurs limites d'exposition aux agents chimiques, livre VI du code du bien-être au travail
BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
CHE	Suisse / Schweiz	Valeurs limites d'exposition aux postes de travail: VME/VLE (SUVA). Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz: MAK (SUVA)
CYP	Κύπρος	Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία Νόμοι του 1996 έως 2020 Κανονισμοί δυνάμει του άρθρου 38
CZE	Česká Republika	NAŘÍZENÍ VLÁDY ze dne 10. května 2021, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci
DEU	Deutschland	Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58
DNK	Danmark	Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2023
EST	Eesti	Ohtlike kemikaalide ja neid sisaldavate materjalide kasutamise töötervishoiu ja tööohutuse nõuded ning töökeskkonna keemiliste ohutegurite piirnormid [RT I, 21.12.2022, 14]
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en FranceDécret n° 2021-1849 du 28 décembre 2021
FIN	Suomi	HTP-VÄRDEN 2020. Koncentrationer som befunnits skadliga. SOCIAL - OCH HÄLSOVÄRDSMINISTERIETS PUBLIKATIONER 2020:25
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α' 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ ``σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιογόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία``»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelethe a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnim kemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
IRL	Éire	2020 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations (2001-2015) and the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Carcinogens) Regulations (2001-2019)
LUX	Luxembourg	Règlement grand-ducal du 24 janvier 2020 modifiant le règlement grand-ducal du 14 novembre 2016 concernant la protection des salariés contre les risques liés à l'exposition à des agents cancérogènes ou mutagènes au travail
LTU	Lietuva	Jsakymas dėl lietuvis higienos normos hn 23:2011 „cheminių medžiagų profesinio poveikio ribiniai dydžiai. Matavimo ir poveikio vertinimo bendrieji reikalavimai“ patvirtinimo
LVA	Latvija	Grozījumi Ministru kabineta 2007. gada 15. maija noteikumos Nr. 325 "Darba aizsardzības prasības saskarē ar ķīmiskajām vielām darba vietās" (prot. Nr. 32 18. §; prot. Nr. 1 22. §)
MLT	Malta	PROTECTION OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF WORKERS FROM THE RISKS RELATED TO CHEMICAL AGENTS AT WORK REGULATIONS (S.L.424.24). PROTECTION OF WORKERS FROM THE RISKS RELATED TO EXPOSURE TO CARCINOGENS OR MUTAGENS AT WORK REGULATIONS (S.L.424.22)
NOR	Norge	Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdi og grenseverdi for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i arbeidsmiljøet samt smitterisikogrupper for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og grenseverdi), 21. august 2018 nr. 1255
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à



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POL	Polska	exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
RUS	Россия	ПОСТАНОВЛЕНИЕ от 13 февраля 2018 г. N 25 ОБ УТВЕРЖДЕНИИ ГИГИЕНИЧЕСКИХ НОРМАТИВОВ ГН 2.2.5.3532-18 "ПРЕДЕЛЬНО ДОПУСТИМЫЕ КОНЦЕНТРАЦИИ (ПДК) ВРЕДНЫХ ВЕЩЕСТВ В ВОЗДУХЕ РАБОЧЕЙ ЗОНЫ"
SWE	Sverige	Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1)
SVK	Slovensko	NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénym a mutagénym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu (Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)
TUR	Türkiye	Kimyasal Maddelerle Çalışmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik 12.08.2013 / 28733; 20.10.2023 / 32345.
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2023

XYLENE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
MAK	AUS	221	50	442	100	Häufigkeit pro Schicht:4x
VLEP	BEL	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV	BGR	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV	CYP	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV	CZE	200	45,4	400	90,8	SKIN
AGW	DEU	220	50	440	100	SKIN
MAK	DEU	220	50	440	100	SKIN
TLV	DNK	109	25			SKIN E
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV	EST	200	50	450	100	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
HTP	FIN	220	50	440	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	
AK	HUN	221	50	442	100	SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
OELV	IRL	221	50	442	100	SKIN
VL	LUX	221	50	442	100	SKIN
RD	LTU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
RV	LVA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV	MLT	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV	NOR	108	25			SKIN
TGG	NLD	210		442		SKIN



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VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
NDS/NDSch	POL	100		200		SKIN	
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
ПДК	RUS	50		150			n
NGV/KGV	SWE	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
NPEL	SVK	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
MV	SVN	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
ESD	TUR	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH			20				

ETHYLBENZENE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
MAK	AUS	440	100	880	200	SKIN	STEL:5(Mow), Häufigkeit/Sch:8x
VLEP	BEL	87	20	551	125	SKIN	
TLV	BGR	435		545		SKIN	
MAK	CHE	220	50	220	50	SKIN	
VME/VLE	CHE	220	50	220	50	SKIN	
TLV	CYP	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
TLV	CZE	200	45,4	500	113,5	SKIN	
AGW	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN	
TLV	DNK	217	50	434	100	SKIN	E
VLA	ESP	441	100	884	200	SKIN	
TLV	EST	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	88,4	20	442	100	SKIN	
HTP	FIN	220	50	880	200	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	435	100	545	125		
AK	HUN	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
OELV	IRL	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
VL	LUX	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
RD	LTU	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
RV	LVA	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
TLV	MLT	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
TLV	NOR	20	5			SKIN	
TGG	NLD	215		430		SKIN	
VLE	PRT	442	100	884	200	SKIN	



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NDS/NDSch	POL	200		400		SKIN
TLV	ROU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
ПДК	RUS	50		150		n
NGV/KGV	SWE	220	50	884	200	SKIN
NPEL	SVK	442	100	884	200	SKIN
MV	SVN	442	100	884	200	SKIN
ESD	TUR	442	100	884	200	SKIN
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		87	20			

PROPAN-2-OL

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
MAK	AUS	500	200	2000	800	Häufigkeit pro Schicht:4x
VLEP	BEL	500	200	1000	400	
TLV	BGR	980		1225		
MAK	CHE	500	200	1000	400	
VME/VLE	CHE	500	200	1000	400	
TLV	CZE	500	200	1000	400	
AGW	DEU	500	200	1000	400	
MAK	DEU	500	200	1000	400	
TLV	DNK	490	200			
VLA	ESP	500	200	1000	400	
TLV	EST	350	150	600	250	
VLEP	FRA			980	400	
HTP	FIN	500	200	620	250	
TLV	GRC	980	400	1225	500	
AK	HUN	500	200	1000	400	SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	999	400	1250	500	
OELV	IRL		200		400	SKIN
RD	LTU	350	150	600	250	
RV	LVA	350		600		
TLV	NOR	245	100			
TGG	NLD	650				
NDS/NDSch	POL	900		1200		SKIN
TLV	ROU	200	81	500	203	
ПДК	RUS	10		50		n
NGV/KGV	SWE	350	150	600 (C)	250 (C)	
NPEL	SVK	500	200	1000	400	
MV	SVN	500	200	1000	400	



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ESD	TUR	980	400		
WEL	GBR	999	400	1250	500
TLV-ACGIH		492	200	983	400

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL								
Effects on consumers				Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		51 mg/kg bw/d		26 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation		178 mg/m3		0,089 mg/m3		1000 mg/m3		500 mg/m3
Skin				319 mg/kg bw/d				880 mg/kg bw/d

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
MAK	AUS	295	100	590	200	SKIN	STEL:30', Häufigkeit/Sch:4x
VLEP	BEL	600	200	900	300		
TLV	BGR	590		885			
MAK	CHE	590	200	590	200	SKIN	
VME/VLE	CHE	590	200	590	200	SKIN	
TLV	CYP	600	200	900	300		
TLV	CZE	600	200,4	900	300,6		
AGW	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN	
TLV	DNK	145	50	900	300	SKIN	E
VLA	ESP	600	200	900	300		
TLV	EST	600	200	900	300		
VLEP	FRA	600	200	900	300	SKIN	
HTP	FIN	60	20	300	100	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	600	200	900	300		
AK	HUN	600	200	900	300	SKIN	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	600	200	900	300		
VLEP	ITA	600	200	900	300		
OELV	IRL	600	200	900	300	SKIN	
VL	LUX	600	200	900	300		
RD	LTU	600	200	900	300		
RV	LVA	200	67	900	300		
TLV	MLT	600	200	900	300		
TLV	NOR	220	75				
TGG	NLD	590		500		SKIN	
VLE	PRT	600	200	900	300		
NDS/NDSch	POL	450		900		SKIN	
TLV	ROU	600	200	900	300		



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ПДК	RUS	200		400		n
NGV/KGV	SWE	150	50	900	300	
NPEL	SVK	600	200	900	300	
MV	SVN	600	200	900	300	SKIN
ESD	TUR	600	200	900	300	
WEL	GBR	600	200	899	300	SKIN
OEL	EU	600	200	900	300	
TLV-ACGIH		590	200	885	300	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	55,8	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	55,8	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	284,74	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	284,74	mg/kg/d
Normal value of STP microorganisms	709	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	1000	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	22,5	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				31 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation		450 mg/m3		0,106 mg/m3		900 mg/m3		600 mg/m3
Skin				412 mg/kg bw/d				1161 mg/kg bw/d

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
MAK	AUS	241	50	480 (C)	100 (C)	
VLEP	BEL	238	50	712	150	
TLV	BGR	710		950		
MAK	CHE	480	100	960	200	
VME/VLE	CHE	480	100	960	200	
TLV	CZE	241		723		
AGW	DEU	300	62	600	124	
MAK	DEU	480	100	960	200	
TLV	DNK	241	50	723	150	E
VLA	ESP	241	50	723	150	
TLV	EST	500	100	700	150	
VLEP	FRA	241	50	723	150	
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200	
AK	HUN	241	50	723	150	



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GVI/KGVI	HRV	241	50	723	150
VLEP	ITA	241	50	723	150
OELV	IRL	710	150	950	200
RD	LTU	241	50	723	150
RV	LVA	200			
TLV	NOR		75		
TGG	NLD	150			
VLE	PRT	241	50	723	150
NDS/NDSch	POL	240		720	
TLV	ROU	241	50	723	150
ПДК	RUS			0,1	n
NGV/KGV	SWE	241	50	723 (C)	150 (C)
NPEL	SVK	241	50	723	150
MV	SVN	300	62	600	124
ESD	TUR	241	50	723	150
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150
TLV-ACGIH			50		150

ISOBUTYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h	STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
MAK	AUS	241	50	480 (C)	100 (C)
VLEP	BEL	238	50	712	150
MAK	CHE	480	100	960	200
VME/VLE	CHE	480	100	960	200
TLV	CZE	241		723	
AGW	DEU	300	62	600	124
MAK	DEU	480	100	960	200
TLV	DNK	241	50	723	150 E, Sut Is
VLA	ESP	241	50	723	150
TLV	EST	500	100	700	150
VLEP	FRA	241	50	723	150
TLV	GRC	950	200	950	200
AK	HUN	241	50	723	150
GVI/KGVI	HRV	241	50	723	150
VLEP	ITA	241	50	723	150
OELV	IRL	700	150		
RD	LTU	241	50	723	150
TLV	NOR		75		
TGG	NLD	480			

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VLE	PRT	241	50	723	150
NDS/NDSch	POL	240		720	
TLV	ROU	241	50	723	150
NGV/KGV	SWE	241	50	723 (C)	150 (C)
NPEL	SVK	241	50	723	150
MV	SVN	300	62	600	124
ESD	TUR	241	50	723	150
WEL	GBR	724	150	903	187
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150
TLV-ACGIH			50		150

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,17	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,017	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0,877	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,088	mg/kg/d
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,34	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	20	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,075	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		5 mg/kg bw/d	35,7 mg/kg bw/d	5 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	300 mg/m3	300 mg/m3		0,0357 mg/m3	600 mg/m3	600 mg/m3	300 mg/m3	300 mg/m3
Skin		5 mg/kg bw/d		5 mg/kg bw/d		10 mg/kg bw/d		10 mg/kg bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

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The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type AX filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	yellowish	
Odour	characteristic of solvent	
Melting point / freezing point	1 °C	
Initial boiling point	55 °C	
Flammability	Inflammabile	
Lower explosive limit	1 % (v/v)	
Upper explosive limit	20 % (v/v)	
Flash point	< 23 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	250 °C	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
pH	7,8	
Kinematic viscosity	20,5 mm ² /sec	
Solubility	insoluble	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	1,2 kg/m ²	
Density and/or relative density	0,96	
Relative vapour density	not available	



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Particle characteristics not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)	89,24 %	-	856,70	g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon)	56,08 %	-	538,39	g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Reacts with: light metals, strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. Decomposes under the effect of heat.

Reacts with: light metals, strong oxidants. Attacks different types of plastic materials. It decomposes due to heat.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

ISOBUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes under the effect of heat. Attacks various types of plastic materials.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

XYLENE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. May form explosive mixtures with: air.



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ETHYL METHYL KETONE

May form peroxides with: air,light,strong oxidising agents.Risk of explosion on contact with: hydrogen peroxide,nitric acid,sulphuric acid.May react dangerously with: oxidising agents,trichloromethane,alkalis.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents.May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides,potassium tert-butoxide.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

ISOBUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents.May react violently with: alkaline hydroxides,potassium tert-butoxide.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture,sources of heat,naked flames.

ISOBUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Incompatible with: strong oxidants,inorganic acids,ammonia,copper,chloroform.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water,nitrates,strong oxidants,acids,alkalis,zinc.

ISOBUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: strong oxidants,nitrates,strong acids,strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

ETHYLBENZENE

May develop: methane,styrene,hydrogen,ethane.



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

XYLENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

ETHYLBENZENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

XYLENE

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

ETHYLBENZENE

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispest). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

Interactive effects

XYLENE

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).



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ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

XYLENE

LD50 (Dermal): 4350 mg/kg Rabbit
ATE (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
LD50 (Oral): 3523 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 26 mg/l/4h Rat

ETHYLBENZENE

LD50 (Dermal): 15354 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral): 3500 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 17,2 mg/l/4h Rat

PROPAN-2-OL

LD50 (Dermal): 12800 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Oral): 4710 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 72,6 mg/l/4h Rat

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

LD50 (Dermal): 6480 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral): 2737 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 23,5 mg/l/8h Rat

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral): > 6400 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

ISOBUTYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal): 17,4 mg/kg
LD50 (Oral): 13,413 mg/kg
LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 30 mg/l/4h

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY



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Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

ETHYLBENZENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000).
Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

PROPAN-2-OL

LC50 - for Fish > 1400 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 1000 mg/l/72h

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

LC50 - for Fish 2973 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea 308 mg/l/48h

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 1220 mg/l/72h

ISOBUTYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish 16,6 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea 26,6 mg/l/48h



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EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

246 mg/l/72h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

XYLENE

Solubility in water

100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ETHYLBENZENE

Solubility in water

1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

PROPAN-2-OL

Rapidly degradable

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Solubility in water

> 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water

1000 - 10000 mg/l

ISOBUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water

1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

XYLENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

3,12

BCF

25,9

ETHYLBENZENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

3,6

PROPAN-2-OL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

0,05

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

0,3

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

2,3

BCF

15,3

ISOBUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

2,3

BCF

15,3

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available



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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

The management of waste arising from the use or dispersal of this product must be organised in accordance with occupational safety regulations. See section 8 for possible need for PPE.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT

IMDG: PAINT

IATA: PAINT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3



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IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3

**14.4. Packing group**

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: I

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO
IMDG: not marine pollutant
IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 33	Limited Quantities: 0,5 lt	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
	Special provision: 163, 367, 650		
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 0,5 lt	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 30 L	Packaging instructions: 361
	Passengers:	Maximum quantity: 1 L	Packaging instructions: 351
	Special provision:	A3, A72, A192	

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point	75	PROPAN-2-OL REACH Reg.: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX
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Point 75 ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Point 75 XYLENE

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

PROPAN-2-OL

ISOBUTYL ACETATE

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2

Flammable liquid, category 2



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Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).



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Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.