

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

KS Tools Tyre Mounting Paste Yellow

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Assembly material

Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

KS Tools Werkzeuge-Maschinen GmbH,
Seligenstädter Grund 10-12, 63150 Heusenstamm,
Tel.: +49 (6104) 49 74 0, Fax: +49 (6104) 49 74 11,
eMail: info@kstools.de

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

+44 (0)2892 665721

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

The mixture is not classified as dangerous in the terms of the Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).

2.1.2 Classification according to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments)

The mixture is not classified as dangerous in the terms of the directive 1999/45/EC.

2.2 Label elements

2.2.1 Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

EUH210-Safety data sheet available on request.

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
Revised on / Version: 16.02.2015 / 0001
Replaces revision of / Version: 16.02.2015 / 0001
Valid from: 16.02.2015
PDF print date: 17.02.2015
KS Tools Tyre Mounting Paste Yellow

3.1 Substance

n.a.

3.2 Mixture

Diethylene glycol	
Registration number (REACH)	--
Index	603-140-00-6
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	203-872-2
CAS	CAS 111-46-6
content %	1-5
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC	Harmful, Xn, R22
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H302

For the text of the R-phrases / H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1/3.2 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact

Wash thoroughly using copious water - remove contaminated clothing immediately. If skin irritation occurs (redness etc.), consult doctor.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Give copious water to drink. Consult doctor if necessary.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

n.c.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Adapt to the nature and extent of fire.

Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Toxic gases

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No special measures required.
 Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
 If applicable, caution - risk of slipping

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.
 Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.
 Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
 Prevent from entering drainage system.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.
 Fill the absorbed material into lockable containers.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Avoid contact with eyes.
 Avoid long lasting or intensive contact with skin.
 Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
 Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
 Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store product closed and only in original packing.
 Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
 Store at room temperature.
 Protect from frost.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Chemical Name	Diethylene glycol		Content %:1-5
WEL-TWA: 23 ppm (101 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
 ** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

If there is a risk of contact with the eyes or while decanting:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Normally not necessary.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Usual protective working garments

Respiratory protection:

Normally not necessary.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Cream
Colour:	Yellow
Odour:	Mild
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	~8 (20°C, Emulsion)
Melting point/freezing point:	~50 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	n.a.
Flash point:	~240 °C (DIN 51376 (Cleveland, open cup))
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not determined
Lower explosive limit:	n.a.
Upper explosive limit:	n.a.
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	1,06 g/cm ³ (20°C)
Bulk density:	Not determined

Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Mixable
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	~400 °C (DIN 51794, Ignition temperature)
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive.
Oxidising properties:	No

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not to be expected

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

None known

10.5 Incompatible materials

See also section 7.

None known

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

KS Tools Tyre Mounting Paste Yellow

Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Respiratory tract irritation:						n.d.a.
Repeated dose toxicity:						n.d.a.

Page 6 of 10
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
 Revised on / Version: 16.02.2015 / 0001
 Replaces revision of / Version: 16.02.2015 / 0001
 Valid from: 16.02.2015
 PDF print date: 17.02.2015
 KS Tools Tyre Mounting Paste Yellow

Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classification according to calculation procedure.

Diethylene glycol						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	12565	mg/kg	Rat		Does not conform with EU classification.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	11890	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC0	4,4-4,6	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Mild irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Not sensitizing
Respiratory tract irritation:						Mild irritant
Symptoms:						acidosis, breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, diarrhoea, coughing, cramps, fatigue, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting., trembling

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

KS Tools Tyre Mounting Paste Yellow							
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.
Other information:	AOX						According to the recipe, contains no AOX.
Other information:	DOC						DOC-elimination degree(complexing organic substance)>= 80%/28d: n.a.

Diethylene glycol							
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	24h	>5000	ppm	Carassius auratus		
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>3200 0	mg/l	Gambusia affinis		References

Page 7 of 10
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
 Revised on / Version: 16.02.2015 / 0001
 Replaces revision of / Version: 16.02.2015 / 0001
 Valid from: 16.02.2015
 PDF print date: 17.02.2015
 KS Tools Tyre Mounting Paste Yellow

Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000 0	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
Toxicity to algae:	IC0	7d	2700	mg/l	Scenedesmus quadricauda		References
Persistence and degradability:		28d	67	%		OECD 301 A (Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test)	
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC0	16h	8000	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		References
Other information:	BOD5		1,3 - 10	%			References
Other information:	COD		99	%			References
Other information:	ThOD		1,51	g/g			References
Water solubility:							Mixable

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product. Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2001/118/EC, 2001/119/EC, 2001/573/EC)

07 06 01 aqueous washing liquids and mother liquors

Recommendation:

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

Empty container completely.

Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

Recommended cleaner:

Water

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

UN number: n.a.

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

UN proper shipping name:

Transport hazard class(es): n.a.

Packing group: n.a.

Classification code: n.a.

LQ (ADR 2015): n.a.

LQ (ADR 2009): n.a.

Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Tunnel restriction code:

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

UN proper shipping name:

Transport hazard class(es): n.a.

Packing group: n.a.

Marine Pollutant: n.a.

Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Transport by air (IATA)

Page 8 of 10
Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
Revised on / Version: 16.02.2015 / 0001
Replaces revision of / Version: 16.02.2015 / 0001
Valid from: 16.02.2015
PDF print date: 17.02.2015
KS Tools Tyre Mounting Paste Yellow

UN proper shipping name:
Transport hazard class(es): n.a.
Packing group: n.a.
Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

For classification and labelling see Section 2.

Observe restrictions:

No

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Revised sections: n.a.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Not applicable

The following phrases represent the posted R phrases / H phrases, Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

22 Harmful if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories

acc., acc. to according, according to

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)

BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)

BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)

BOD Biochemical oxygen demand

BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids

CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques

CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

COD Chemical oxygen demand

CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

DOC Dissolved organic carbon

DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration

DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)

dw dry weight

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EC European Community

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

EEA European Economic Area

EEC European Economic Community

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ERC Environmental Release Categories

ES Exposure scenario

etc. et cetera

EU European Union

EWC European Waste Catalogue

Fax. Fax number

gen. general

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GWP Global warming potential

HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane

HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC Intermediate Bulk Container

IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)

IC Inhibitory concentration

IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

incl. including, inclusive

IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database

LC lethal concentration

LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill

LCLo lowest published lethal concentration

LD Lethal Dose of a chemical

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill

LDLo Lethal Dose Low

LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration

LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level

LQ Limited Quantities

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

n.a. not applicable

n.av. not available

n.c. not checked

n.d.a. no data available

NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)

NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level

NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL No Observed Effect Level

ODP Ozone Depletion Potential

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

org. organic

PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic

PC Chemical product category

PE Polyethylene

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential

ppm parts per million

PROC Process category

PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)

REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.

RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature

SAR Structure Activity Relationship

SU Sector of use

SVHC Substances of Very High Concern

Tel. Telephone

ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand

TOC Total organic carbon

TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)

UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))

VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).

WHO World Health Organization

wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

KS Tools Werkzeuge-Maschinen GmbH,

Seligenstädter Grund 10-12, 63150 Heusenstamm,

Tel.: +49 (6104) 49 74 0, Fax: +49 (6104) 49 74 11